



Jordan Situation Analysis

Problems, Progress, Priorities, & Plans





BG. G. Al-Miateh Falah
Jordan Royal Engineer Corps

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OBJECTIVES

Nairobi Preparations (4 'Ps')

-  Problems
-  Progress
-  Priorities
-  Plans



Scope of Problem 1969-2003

The total number of registered victims is 529, however we know that there are some victims who have not come forward to the authorities.

Type	Military & Peacekeepers	Civilian	Total
Fatal	58	50	108
Severe	127	68	195
Intermediate	101	71	172
Minor	31	23	54
Total	317	212	529



Scope of Problem

- Most recent UXO accident occurred last month when 3 children were killed and 2 injured
- National Programme lacking proper long-term funding for physical and social re-integration
- Vocational & Technical Training opportunities are underdeveloped



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Socio-Economic Reintegration**



Progress

- All Victims receive basic medical care through programmes run by the Royal Medical Services and the Ministry of Health.
- NCDR is planning to bring these institutions under one organizational umbrella by the end of 2004.
- Disability Law was passed in 1993 enshrining rights of the disabled in the Kingdom.
- Construction of a special rehabilitation clinic is anticipated to begin in 2005. The clinic will be part of a larger effort to increase support for the disabled.

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Priorities

- Updating and improving the existing victims database which can track all aspects of a person's physical and social situation is needed so that appropriate social services can be provided.
- Stemming from the database, a full national programme needs to be designed stipulating roles, responsibilities, and inputs. Part of the programme would detail the social and economic reintegration assistance that is required for a particular individual, this could range from vocational training and scholarships to small grants or micro lending schemes to start a business venture.
- In the area of integration, the objectives of the Government's Social and Economic Transformation Program, which aims at improving the quality and standard of living for all Jordanians by addressing their basic social needs such as better health care, rural development, and education, applies equally to those who have been unfortunate enough to have been injured by a landmine or UXO and will be pursued through the programme.
- The construction of a national mine victims rehabilitation programme and establishment of a national rehabilitation center by the end of 2005. The centre would provide medical services to all victims in Jordan. It should be noted that the centre would also serve people who have been disabled by means other than contact with a landmine or UXO.
- Lastly, a victims trust fund needs to be established to carry the programme beyond the lifecycle of 2005-09.

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Plans

- Working in conjunction with Ministry of Health, Ministry of Social Development, Royal Medical Services, and other actors, the aim is to provide assistance to all survivors. Therefore, Jordan will focus on a four point plan in the area of SVA:
- First, the establishment of a national registry of accidents and incidents based on census survey will be produced.
- Second, a detailed national programme structured to meet all the needs of the affected population with an emphasis on providing provincially available and affordable physical rehabilitation services.
- Third, will be the creation of a comprehensive skills and vocational training programme based on the needs and backgrounds of the individual.
- Fourth, long term social assistance in the form of annual financial assistance and/or access to micro financing for the establishment of small and medium business ventures will be pursued.

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Questions?

Comments?

